



Product Name: SABAKEM OXYFLUORFEN 240EC HERBICIDE  
APVMA Approval No: 69160/108766

Label Name:	SABAKEM OXYFLUORFEN 240EC HERBICIDE
Signal Headings:	CAUTION KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING
Constituent Statements:	ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 240 g/L OXYFLUORFEN SOLVENTS: 108 g/L N-METHYLPYRROLIDONE 606 g/L HYDROCARBON LIQUID
Mode of Action:	GROUP <b>G</b> HERBICIDE
Statement of Claims:	FOR THE SELECTIVE CONTROL OF CERTAIN BROADLEAF AND GRASS WEEDS AS PER THE DIRECTIONS FOR USE.
Net Contents:	1-1000L
Restrains:	RESTRAINTS: If applying to weed seedlings. DO NOT disturb weeds by cultivation or sowing for 1 day following application to annual weeds and 7 days for perennial weeds to ensure herbicide absorption, unless specified in the CRITICAL COMMENTS.
Directions for Use:	
Other Limitations:	
Withholding Periods:	WITHHOLDING PERIODS: GRAZING - DO NOT GRAZE TREATED WEEDS HARVEST - NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED.

Trade Advice:	
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General Instructions:	
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Resistance Warning:	<p><b>RESISTANT WEEDS WARNING</b>  <b>GROUP G HERBICIDE</b>  SABAKEM® OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE is a member of the diphenyl ether group of herbicides. SABAKEM® OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE has the inhibitor of protoporphyrinogen oxidase mode of action. For weed resistance management SABAKEM® OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE is a Group G herbicide. Some naturally occurring weed biotypes resistant to SABAKEM® OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE and other Group G herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by SABAKEM® OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE or other Group G herbicides. Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, Sabakem Pty Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of SABAKEM® OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE to control resistant weeds</p>
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Precautions:	
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Protections:	<p><b>PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS</b>  DO NOT apply under weather conditions, or from spraying equipment that may cause spray to drift onto nearby water bodies, susceptible plants/ crops, cropping lands or pastures.</p> <p><b>PROTECTION OF LIVESTOCK</b>  Use with care when applying in areas frequented by stock.</p> <p><b>PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT</b>  This product is highly toxic to wildlife and fish. DO NOT contaminate lakes, ponds, streams, rivers or waterways with the chemical or used containers. Use care when applying in areas frequented by wildlife or adjacent to any body of water. DO NOT apply when weather conditions favor drift from target areas.</p>
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Storage and Disposal:	<p><b>STORAGE AND DISPOSAL</b>  Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well ventilated area. Do not store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight.  Triple or preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point.  If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility.  If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant local, state or territory government regulations. Do not burn empty containers or product.  For refillable containers, empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to point of supply for refill or storage.</p>
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Safety Directions:	<b>SAFETY DIRECTIONS</b> Will damage eyes and will irritate the skin. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. When opening the container and preparing spray and using the prepared spray, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist and a washable hat, elbow-length butyl rubber gloves and goggles. If product on skin, immediately wash area with soap and water. If product in eyes, wash it out immediately with water. Wash hands after use. After each day's use, wash gloves, goggles and contaminated clothing.
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First Aid Instructions:	<b>FIRST AID</b> If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone 131 126. If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water. If in eyes wash out immediately with water.
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First Aid Warnings:	
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## DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Crop	Weeds Controlled	Time of Application	Rate	Critical Comments
Brassica Crops: Broccoli, Cabbages, Cauliflower	Refer to Weeds Controlled list	Weed free soil (prior to crop transplanting)	1.5 to 2 L/ha	Apply SABAKEM® OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE to prepared ground 4 to 7 days prior to transplanting. If soil is dry irrigation or rainfall is required prior to transplanting for activation of SABAKEM® OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE. Utilise transplanting techniques which cause minimal soil disturbance. Excessive soil disturbance will lessen herbicide activity. Use the higher rate in situations where weed pressure is known to be heavy.
Coffee (after transplanting or under established bushes)		Weed free soil	2 to 4 L/ha	Apply after transplanting coffee plants or under established bushes. Use the higher rate where longer residual activity (up to 4 months) is required. Best results are achieved when applied to moist soil, free of weeds with follow-up irrigation.
		Weeds at 2 to 4 true leaf stage		When seedlings are present, apply as a tank mix with SABAKEM® PARAQUAT 250 SL HERBICIDE to produce both knockdown and residual control. Addition of a non-ionic surfactant such as Wetter 1000 at 150mL/100L should be used in the spray mixture. Apply as a directed spray to avoid contact with coffee plants. Mature established weeds must be eliminated by mechanical or chemical means prior to application.
Duboisia		Weed free soil	4 or 8 L/ha	Apply after transplantation of young seedlings or after harvest of mature plants. Use higher rate where longer residual control (up to 6 months) is required. "Over-the-top" application will be tolerated.
		Weeds at 4 to 6 true leaf stage		Best results are achieved when applied to moist soil free of weeds. However, some newly germinated small seedling grasses and broadleaf weeds (4 to 6 true leaves) will be controlled at these rates. Addition of a non-ionic surfactant such as Wetter 1000 at recommended rates will improve activity. Established weeds must be eliminated prior to application by mechanical means.
Forestry Plantations – <i>Eucalyptus</i> spp. and <i>Pinus</i> spp. (either before or preferably with 4 weeks of transplanting)		Weed free soil (either before or preferably within 4 weeks of transplanting)	3 or 4 L/ha	Under weed-free conditions, apply as a directed or "over-the-top" spray. Disturbance of the herbicidal barrier on the soil surface by the transplantation process may reduce the length of weed control. Use higher rate for longer residual control. If weed seedlings are present, apply as an "over-the-top" spray. SABAKEM® OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE may be tank mixed with SABAKEM® SIMAZINE 900 WG HERBICIDE to extend the spectrum and length of weed control. DO NOT use this tank mix in Eucalyptus plantations grown on sands, with no clay or organic matter. The likelihood of foliar damage to trees (especially eucalypts) will increase if applied to foliage that has not been hardened off and/or if the temperatures exceed 20°C. However SABAKEM® OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE has been found to be safe to commonly planted forestry species but the sensitivity of less common species should be tested on small areas before a large-scale application is made.
		Weeds at 4 to 6 true leaf stage		
Forestry Trees	Broadleaf weeds and grasses		4 L/ha or 4mL/10 m <sup>2</sup>	For the establishment of trees for approved farm practices such as windbreaks, erosion control, woodlots and forestry plantings. When applying as a post-plant spray ensure spray is directed to the base of seedlings, or that seedlings are protected. Do not apply under hot or windy conditions.

Crop	Weeds Controlled	Time of Application	Rate	Critical Comments
Onion (seeded)	Blackberry Nightshade ( <i>Solanum nigrum</i> )	Hook leaf stage	50 to 100 mL/ha	Do not exceed 100 mL/ha at the hook leaf stage as excessive crop damage may occur.
	Common Cotula ( <i>Cotula australis</i> ), Crowfoot I Storksbill ( <i>Erodium</i> spp.), Deadnettle ( <i>Lamium amplexicaule</i> ), Docks ( <i>Rumex</i> spp.), Fumitory (Pink and white flowered) ( <i>Fumaria</i> spp.), Groundsel ( <i>Senecio vulgaris</i> ), Hogweed/ Wireweed ( <i>Polygonum aviculare</i> ), Milk Thistle ( <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i> ), Plantain ( <i>Plantago</i> spp.), Sorrel ( <i>Rumex acetosella</i> ), Potato weed ( <i>Galinsoga parviflora</i> ), Volunteer potato ( <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> )	1½ to 2½ leaf stage	350-500 mL/ha	Best results are obtained when the hook leaf stage treatment is followed by a further application of SABAKEM® OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE when onions are at the 1½ to 2½ leaf stage. Apply SABAKEM® OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE in at least 100 L/ha water at pressures below 150 kPa. <b>DO NOT</b> exceed 150 kPa because excessive crop damage could result. Multiple treatments may be applied provided the total dose does not exceed 2 L/ha in one season. For control of other weeds use in a program with other registered herbicides. <b>NOTE:</b> Can cause flecking, twisting or stunting of onion plants although such symptoms are normally short-lived. <b>DO NOT</b> apply in conditions of very high humidity. <b>DO NOT</b> apply to weeds or crops which are stressed by prevailing weather conditions, disease or mechanical damage. <b>DO NOT</b> use wetting agents or other adjuvants.
Pyrethrum - As bare rooted transplants or seedlings.	Refer to Weeds Controlled list (except chickweed)	Pre-plant incorporated into weed free soil worked to a fine tilth	4 or 6 L/ha	Apply prior to final soil preparation. The preferred implements for final soil preparation would be either a multiple tyne cultivator or rotary harrows. Use the 6 L/ha rate for heavy black clay soils only (as found in the Derwent and Coal River Valleys, Tasmania). SABAKEM® OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE will not provide consistent control of chickweed.
Pyrethrum - greater than 4 leaf stage	Blackberry nightshade ( <i>Solanum nigrum</i> ), Cleavers ( <i>Galium aparine</i> ), Field Bindweed ( <i>Convolvulus vulgaris</i> ), Fumitory ( <i>Fumaria</i> spp.), Groundsel ( <i>Senecio vulgaris</i> ), Sorrel ( <i>Rumex acetosella</i> ), Volunteer potato ( <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> ), Wireweed	Emerged weeds present	100 to 150 mL/ha	
Pyrethrum - established crops, greater than 1 year old	As above plus Sow Thistle ( <i>Sonchus</i> spp), Spear Thistle ( <i>Cirsium vulgare</i> )		200 ml to 4 L/ha	Apply when pyrethrum is greater than 100 mm rosettes. Apply at rates of greater than 1.0 L/ha ONLY between 1st of February and 31st of March. DO NOT apply later than 25 weeks before harvest.
Tobacco	Refer to Weeds Controlled list	Weed free soil	4L	Use to control weeds along spray lines only. DO NOT apply to tobacco crop. Apply to soil after solid-set irrigation system has been laid out in the field. SABAKEM® OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE should be applied to moist soil. Where very small weeds (2 to 3 leaf) emerge prior to spraying, the addition of a wetting agent to the spray mixture is necessary for effective control. Should the weeds be more advanced, the addition of 1.6 L/ha SABAKEM® PARAQUAT 250 SL HERBICIDE is required. Avoid spray drift.

Crop	Weeds Controlled	Time of Application	Rate	Critical Comments
Tree (Fruit and Nuts) and Vines at least three years old as a DORMANT APPLICATION Including: Grapevines Olive Trees, Pome Fruit (eg apple, pear, nashi and quince), Stone Fruit (eg apricot, cherry, nectarine, peach, plum), Tree Nuts (eg almonds, macadamia, pecan, walnut).	Refer to Weeds Controlled list	Weed free soil	3 to 4L/ha	DO NOT apply once bud swell has occurred. Apply to freshly cultivated weed free soil. Use the higher rate for longer residual control (up to 4 months). Where grass weeds are expected to be the major problem, or when control of a wider weed spectrum is needed, mix the lower rate with 4.5 L Oryzalin (500g/L) per treated hectare. Read and follow all label directions.
		Emerged Weeds present (4- 6 true leaf stage)		DO NOT apply once bud swell has occurred. Use higher rate for longer residual control (up to 4 months). When light infestations of weeds are present, apply as a tank mix with SABAKEM® GLYPHOSATE 450 CT HERBICIDE or SABAKEM® PARAQUAT DIQUAT 250SL HERBICIDE to give both knockdown and residual control. A non-ionic surfactant such as Wetter 1000 should be used at 100ml/1L. Read and follow all label directions. Where weed growth is large and dense, weeds must be eliminated prior to application of SABAKEM® OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE, using chemical or mechanical means. <b>Macadamias:</b> Apply in 250 to 500 L water/ha. Apply after harvest to prevent spray contacting nuts. Avoid spray contact with the macadamia tree foliage and stem. DO NOT apply to nuts on the ground.
	Refer to SABAKEM® PARAQUAT 250 SL HERBICIDE label.	Emerged weeds present.	250ml plus SABAKEM® PARAQUAT 250 SL HERBICIDE at recommended label rates OR 25 to 30mL/100L plus SABAKEM® PARAQUAT 250 SL HERBICIDE at recommended label rates.	The addition of SABAKEM® OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE to paraquat will improve control of small flowered mallow, evening primrose and other weeds sensitive to SABAKEM® OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE. Apply as a tank mix with SABAKEM® PARAQUAT 250 SL HERBICIDE, refer to the appropriate label and follow all label directions.
Refer to SABAKEM® GLYPHOSATE 450 CT HERBICIDE label.	Apply as a tank mix with SABAKEM® GLYPHOSATE 450 CT HERBICIDE.	75mL/ha plus SABAKEM® GLYPHOSATE 450 CT HERBICIDE at recommended label rates.	Addition of SABAKEM® OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE to SABAKEM® GLYPHOSATE 450 CT HERBICIDE products will improve knockdown and increase the speed at which treated weeds develop visible symptoms of phytotoxicity (compared to results achieved with SABAKEM® GLYPHOSATE 450 CT HERBICIDE applied alone) and give control of annual nettles <i>Urtica</i> spp., and Marshmallow, <i>Malva parviflora</i> . For rates refer to the appropriate label. Read and follow all label directions. DO NOT apply the tank mix of SABAKEM® GLYPHOSATE 450 CT HERBICIDE and SABAKEM® OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE near trees or vines less than 3 years old unless they are effectively shielded from spray and spray drift.	

Crop	Weeds Controlled	Time of Application	Rate	Critical Comments
Tropical and Subtropical fruit (inedible peel) Including: Avocado, Cherimoya, Custard Apple, Duiran, Feijoa, Guava, Jackfruit, Kiwi Fruit, Longan, Lychees, Mango, Mangosteen, Papaya, Passionfruit, Pawpaw, Persimmon, Rambutan, Star apple	Refer to Weeds Controlled list	Weed free soil	4 L/ha	Best results are obtained when applied to moist weed free soil and followed by rainfall or irrigation.
		Emerged weeds present		If weeds are present SABAKEM® OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE should be applied as a tank mix with the recommended rates of SABAKEM® GLYPHOSATE 450 CT HERBICIDE or SABAKEM® PARAQUAT 250 SL HERBICIDE.
Prior to sowing winter cereals.	Refer to SABAKEM® GLYPHOSATE 450 CT HERBICIDE label.	Apply as a tank mix with SABAKEM® GLYPHOSATE 450 CT HERBICIDE	75mL/ha plus SABAKEM® GLYPHOSATE 450 CT HERBICIDE at recommended label rates	Addition of SABAKEM® OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE to SABAKEM® GLYPHOSATE 450 CT HERBICIDE will improve knockdown and increase the speed at which treated weeds develop visible symptoms of phytotoxicity (compared to results achieved with SABAKEM® GLYPHOSATE 450 CT HERBICIDE applied alone) and give control of annual nettles ( <i>Urtica</i> spp.), and Marshmallow ( <i>Malva parviflora</i> ). For rates refer to the appropriate label. Read and follow all label directions.
Prior to sowing cotton				

**NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION**

**Weeds Controlled by SABAKEM® OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE Include The Following:**

BEFORE GERMINATION	SEEDLINGS
Amsinckia <i>Amsinckia</i> spp.	Prickly lettuce <i>Lactuca</i> spp.
Barley grass <i>Hordeum leporinum</i>	Red natal grass <i>Rhynchelytrum repens</i>
Barnyard grass <i>Echinochloa</i> spp.	Redshank <i>Amaranthus cruentus</i>
Blackberry nightshade <i>Solanum nigrum</i>	Ryegrass <i>Lolium</i> spp.
Bladder ketmia <i>Hibiscus trionum</i>	Sesbania pea <i>Sesbania cannabina</i>
Burrgrass <i>Cenchrus australis</i>	Shepherd's purse <i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i>
Caltrop <i>Tribulus terrestris</i>	Smallflower mallow <i>Malva parviflora</i>
Capeweed <i>Arctotheca calendula</i>	Soursob <i>Oxalis pes-caprae</i>
Chickweed <i>Stellaria media</i>	Sowthistle <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>
Crowsfoot grass <i>Eleusine indica</i>	Starburr <i>Acanthospermum hispidum</i>
Deadnettle <i>Lamium amplexicaule</i>	Stinkgrass <i>Eragrostis ciliaris</i>
Fat hen <i>Chenopodium album</i>	Summer grass <i>Digitaria</i> spp.
Giant pigweed <i>Trianthema portulacastrum</i>	Thornapple <i>Datura stramonium</i>
Liverseed grass <i>Urochloa panicoides</i>	White eye <i>Richardia brasiliensis</i>
Lovegrass <i>Eragrostis</i> spp.	Wild mustard <i>Sisymbrium</i> spp.
Pigeon grass <i>Setaria</i> spp.	Wild radish <i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i>
Pigweed <i>Portulaca oleracea</i>	Wireweed/Hogweed <i>Polygonum aviculare</i>

## GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

SABAKEM® OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE is a selective herbicide for the control of certain annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in dormant apples, grapes, peaches, pears, plums, apricots, almonds, macadamia, dubosia, tobacco, coffee, pyrethrum, winter cereals, tropical/subtropical crops, brassicas, onions, *Eucalyptus* and *Pinus* spp and other forestry trees used in forestry applied either to a weed free soil or to seedling weeds at the 4 to 6 true leaf stage. SABAKEM® OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE applied to well prepared weed free soil should not be disturbed or incorporated after application. Weed control for up to 6 months can be expected, but spot treatment with knockdown herbicides, of escape weeds and perennial grasses may be necessary. When SABAKEM® OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE is applied to seedling weeds at the 4 to 6 true leaf stage a non-ionic surfactant such as Wetter 1000 should be added at recommended rates to improve activity. SABAKEM® OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE can also be utilised at low rates to improve the weed spectrum of knockdown herbicides. Duboisia seedlings and mature plants will tolerate “over the top” applications. Eucalypt and pine transplants and established trees can tolerate “over the top” applications.

## TIMING

For optimum residual weed control, SABAKEM® OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE should be applied to the soil surface prior to weed emergence after all other agricultural operations have been completed, such as mechanical cultivation and reshaping of irrigation furrows. The area should be left undisturbed during the period of desired weed control. When applied to seedling weeds, they should be young and actively growing. Weed control for up to 6 months is expected by spot treatment, with knockdown herbicides, for escape weeds and perennial grasses may be necessary.

## MIXING

Shake well before use. When using SABAKEM® OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE alone, fill the spray tank, at least one-third full with clean water, add the recommended amount of SABAKEM® OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE while the pump and agitator are running, then complete filling the spray tank. A non-ionic surfactant, if required by label directions, should be added near the end of the filling process to minimise foaming. When tank mixing with Oryzalin, add to one-third filled tank, then the SABAKEM® OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE during the filling operation. Maintain agitation during mixing and until spraying is completed. When tank mixing with SABAKEM® GLYPHOSATE 450 CT HERBICIDE or SABAKEM® PARAQUAT 250 SL HERBICIDE, add these after SABAKEM® OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE during the filling operation. When using SABAKEM® OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE in mixtures always refer to the appropriate label and read and follow all label directions.

## APPLICATION

Spray equipment should be calibrated carefully before use. SABAKEM® OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE should be applied uniformly with an accurately calibrated, low pressure herbicide sprayer, as a directed treatment to the base of tree and vine crops using flat fan or hollow cone nozzles. Complete coverage of seedling weeds is required for maximum knockdown effect. Ensure both weed foliage and the soil surface are sprayed. Apply using a vehicle mounted boom, calibrate to deliver a droplet spectrum classification defined as medium by the American Society of Agricultural Engineers (ASAE) Standard S572, using water volume of 250 to 500 litres per hectare for bare soil or 100 to 1,350 litres per hectare when seedling weeds (4 to 6 leaf) are treated. Use the higher volumes where weed density is high. Tank mixtures of 75 mL/ha of SABAKEM® OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE with glyphosate herbicides should be applied in 30 to 200 litres spray volume per hectare. For maximum residual control, SABAKEM® OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE should NOT be incorporated or disturbed after application.

## CROP SAFETY

SABAKEM® OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE may be applied as directed around dormant peach, plum, apricot, almond, apple and pear trees and grape vines of all ages when applied at rates of less than 1.0 L/ha. When applied at 3.0 L/ha and above, the trees and grape vines should be at least 3 years of age. DO NOT apply SABAKEM® OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE once bud swell has occurred when using rates greater than 1.0 L/ha. Duboisia seedlings and mature plants will tolerate “over-the-top” applications of SABAKEM® OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE. When using the 75 mL/ha rate, SABAKEM® OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE may be applied as directed prior to sowing winter cereals.

## SAFE SOWING INTERVALS

SABAKEM® OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE at up to 75 mL/ha may be safely applied 1 day prior to planting broadacre crops such as cereals (wheat, barley, oats, triticale), canola, pulses (lupins, faba beans, field peas) and undersown pastures (lucerne, clover, medics, ryegrass, phalaris, cocksfoot) and 7 days minimum prior to planting cotton or soybeans, provided minimum tillage planting equipment is used with minimal soil disturbance. Inversion, mixing of surface soil with that in the planting zone or covering seed with treated soil may result in injury to emerging crop seedlings. **Avoid covering the seed with soil treated with SABAKEM® OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE during the planting operation to minimise crop injury.**

SABAKEM® OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE has residual soil activity, especially when applied at rates greater than 75 mL/ha and on small-seeded horticultural crops. Plantback intervals in the following table for horticultural crops must be observed if more than 75 mL/ha SABAKEM® OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE has been applied.

## SAFE SOWING INTERVALS FOR HORTICULTURAL CROPS (DAYS)

SABAKEM® OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE - Herbicide rate	Up to 75 mL/ha	1 L/ha
Beans, Potatoes	7	60
Cucurbits, Tomatoes	14	
Brassicas, Capsicums, Carrots, Lettuce		90
Onions	21	180

## COMPATIBILITY

SABAKEM® OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE is compatible with SABAKEM® GLYPHOSATE 450 CT HERBICIDE, SABAKEM® PARAQUAT 250 SL HERBICIDE, oryzalin and diquat.